

## Eleven Plus Maths How To Do - The Four Rules - Division

2

Division

6 ÷ 2

There are different ways of writing this sum.

 $6 \div 2 = \frac{6}{2} = \frac{6}{1} \times \frac{1}{2}$ 

What you have seen here is that <u>dividing by 2 is</u> the same as <u>multiplying by 1</u>

 $15 \div 3 = \frac{15}{3} = \frac{15}{1} \times \frac{1}{3} \qquad 24 \div 4 = \frac{24}{4} = \frac{24}{1} \times \frac{1}{4}$ 

We have simply changed a division sum in to a multiplication sum.

Now try these sums:

 $\frac{3}{4} \div 3 = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{4}$  $6\frac{2}{5} \div 8 = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{8} = \frac{4}{5}$  $1\frac{1}{5} \div 2\frac{1}{5} = \frac{6}{5} \times \frac{10}{21} = \frac{2}{7}$ 

There is a rule which it is as well to remember. When dividing a fraction change the dividing sign to a multiplying sign and invert the divisor.

To invert means turn upside down.

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